Annual Report 2015-16





LOK SHAKTI SAMITI RAIGARH

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From the Directors desk......

It is a long time, Lok Shakti Samiti is being working with grass root and gradually bringing in strategic shifts to empower the community and by emphasizing on local issues. We have been enhancing our capacities for people's development taking programs like National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MNREGAS), Water, health & sanitation in rural areas, Panchayatiraj Empowerment in rural areas, Child issue. LSS continues to work on its mission to support and facilitate common people and provide them platforms for their development.

With a clear objective to more extension our reach and serve our beneficiaries in a larger scale, LSS is making continuous efforts. It has been our continuous mission to improve our performance so that LSS could reach its goal more effectively.

LSS has received support and participation from its various stakeholders. We are thankful to all our well wishers and sponsors and we hope that their support will continue to strengthen LSS also in future.

Shyam Sundar Yadav Director

Introduction

LSS believes in indigenous knowledge of traditional communities and their representatives through which they sustain their livelihood, cure diseases, conserve Natural resources. It is whole new and innovative world of the people, which has to be recognized and given due respect. LSS streamlines the people's power into development action, addressing local issues and fusing a change process.

LSS is working in 2 districts i.e Raigarh and Jaspur of Chhattisgarh including 350 villages and 209 panchayats.

LSS is working on the current and several issues of community to avail them a dignified life through their empowerment and leadership development. The works of the organization range from community organization to local self-governance and human welfare. This document represents the activities completed from April 2015 to March 2016, which emphasized on livelihood, MNREGA , CHILDLINE, TB Control, SHG Formation.

MNREGA

The project this year only covered trainings and workshops which were arranged in Raigarh. Interface workshop was arranged in village Chodha, District level workshop was arranged in the Raigarh(jilla panchayat office) and media workshop was organised at district level. The programs were conducted by the support of SPS Baghli.



Goal of the project

To enhance livelihood security by ensuring effective implementation of NREGA and thereby ensuring 100 days of guaranteed wage employment to every household in a financial year. In turn, NREGA generated labour will be utilised to undertake watershed based soil and water conservation works, with the objective of enhancing the natural resource asset base within the areas of operation.

Process

To implement the project in target area several steps were taken. Those are:

- Meetings
- Workshops
- District level workshop
- Interface workshop
- Labour group formation

Out comes:

- people get work and job cards
- A process of transparency slowly started between community and panchayat.
- Panchayat members started monitoring at work places.
- Accountable govt. And other agencies.
- Alert govt. officials

AXSHYA Project

LSS initiated meetings on TB awareness in district with the support of CHAI in 86 panchayats of Pusore block.and 84 panchayats of kharsiya block In FY 2015-16,33 GKS done, AXSHYA Samvad with 3918 HH and 370 sputums were sent to DMC for



check among them the positive patients were put on DOTS. In these meetings, information was being disseminated on TB control. Besides these world TB day was celebrated both at block and district level to bring awareness among people regarding the disease.

Child line

CHILDLine active 24 hour and in between 60 minutes of phone call the CHILDLine team reaches the place and immediately gives service to the children. CHILDLine Raigarh (LSS) works both for Urban and Rural children but prioritizes the need of the child. The child line team accesses the problems of children through Open-house and outreach



process. To sensitize the families and relatives sensitization and information dissemination programs were done.

CHILDLINE (1098) is a project of Ministry of Women and Child development government of INDIA This is a 24 hour phone service for children who are in need of security and care along with the children who are facing the violation of child rights. The service is available for the children

Who are alone or sick

- Facing violation of child rights
- Child labor
- Lost child
- Helpless o r orphan
- Separated from family and need of help to go home
- The person who wants to provide service to CHILD LINE

Child line Raigarh's achievements of Last year-

Anual Report April 2015 - March 2016													
	April	may	june	July	Aug	Sep.	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	March	Total
Case Intervation year April 2014 to march 2015													
Intervation													
Medical	5	4	1	1	8	7	3	3	9	1	11	3	56
Selter	3	1	8	4	6	7	2	6	4	7	3	3	54
Restoration													
country	7	8	4	9	1	4	6	2	4	19	16	12	92
Restoration Out													
side the country													
protection from abuse	3	4	6	11	5	4	7	2	7	21	2	28	100
abuse	3	4	0	11	3	4	/		/	21		20	100
Child in conflict with low				1									
Missing child													
Child lost	2	1	1	6								2	12
Parent's asking help	1		2	2	1		1	2	1				10
Emotional Suport													
&guidens	10	9	8	5	14	18	21	22	9	9	7	2	134
Death Related													
Other Relaited						1	2	1				1	5
TOTAL	31	27	30	39	35	41	42	38	34	57	39	51	464

Besides these, child line provide service with cooperation of following departments-

• District administration

- Women and child development
- Police department
- Labor department
- Health department
- Education Department
- PRIs and workers
- NGOs
- Telephone department
- Transport department
- Nagar nigam raigarh.

<u>CFT</u>





Creation of Cluster Facilitation Teams (CFTs)

Based on the 12 th Plan document, the Operational Guidelines 2013 provided for creation Of Cluster Facilitation Teams (CFTs) that would address gaps in MNREGA and thereby result in creation of sustainable livelihoods. Cluster facilitation teams are to be set up to cover 19735 job card holders or an area of 19735 hectares, which corresponds to the watershed boundaries. The members of the cluster facilitation team must have demonstrated expertise in the following areas:

- Soil and moisture conservation
- Agriculture and allied/livelihood activities
- Community Mobilization
- Expertise in preparing estimates, doing measurements and assessing quality of assets.

These CFTs are supposed to help in mobilizing the communities in the programme; and therefore, there is again a commonality of purpose and natural convergence of the CFT strategy with the proposed convergence between MGNREGS and NRLM. The convergence of MGNREGS, NRLM and CFT strategy is the cornerstone of achieving peoples' participation, improving the quality of assets, energizing the delivery

system in a manner that would have a positive impact on elimination of poverty in ruralareas.

Areas for the Pilot Project

This convergence is proposed to be pilot operationalised in 250 most backward blocks.

The State Governments will identify these Blocks as per the following criteria:

- a. Poor Human Development Indicators
- b. Tribal areas
- c. High population of SCs
- d. Poor connectivity
- e. Having active presence of Civil Society Organisations (CSOs) or Community Based Organizations (CBOs)

The States will communicate the list of these Blocks before 20 th November, 2013 for the 1 st Phase of the Pilot.

Operationalizing through Civil Society Organisations (CSOs)/CBOs:

The Operational Guidelines of MGNREG 2013 have emphasised the need for involving CSOs in implementation of the programme so as to improve participation and thereby, overall effectiveness of the programme. Many CSOs/CBOs have built up social capital of women SHGs which can be immediately used for improving the quality of works and reducing delays in payments. The CSOs will also NOT have the constraints that State Governments have in selecting and placing the staff required in the pilot. The pilot will therefore leverage the strengths of Civil Society Organisations and the SHGs/federations (referred to Community .

Objective

- ➤ Awareness creation and Demand Generation
- > Identification and planning for works that converge with the livelihood plans
- ➤ Land development, increasing crop production to food security.
- ➤ Provide Sustainable Livelihood through Capacity building and training for all involved stakeholders, including Individuals, SHGs, CBOs, and Federations.

- ➤ Regd. MNREGA labor become skilled through NRLM
- Worksite Execution and Measurement
- ➤ Advance Payment of Wages to NREGA workers through funds devolved to CBOs
- Provide Revolving Fund, NRLM Funds, Bank loan to Identified
- ➤ Labour group formation

SHG

LSS is continuing SHPI formation program in 33 villages of Pusore block of Raigarh district in which 70 SHGs formed and saving linkage has been done up to the end of the year 2015-16. Total Women SHGs were formed and facilitated for regular saving and meetings. These SHGs have started inter loaning. The objective

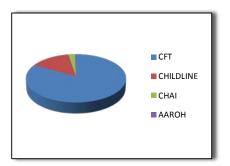


behind this is to make women self-sufficient mostly economically and to build up their financial capacity for their sustainable livelihood.

Conclusion

2015-16 was an important and successful year for LSS. In order to be ready for the next year, LSS has identified its need to focus more and more on work quality and depth of implementation, moving from being an organization that provides programs for basic activities to an organization that can deliver full support all year round to beneficiaries. In order to meet this requirement, we need to have stronger strategic models and there are many internal challenges to be met.

GRANT



INCOME & EXPENDITURE

